



# Network Management & Monitoring

## NAGIOS



# Introduction

## Network Monitoring Tools

- Availability
- Reliability
- Performance

*Nagios actively monitors the **availability** of devices and services*

# Introduction

- Possibly the most used open source network monitoring software
- Web interface for viewing status, browsing history, scheduling downtime etc
- Sends out alerts via E-mail. Can be configured to use other mechanisms, e.g. SMS

# Example: Service Detail view

**Nagios**

**General**

- Home
- Documentation

**Monitoring**

- Tactical Overview
- **Service Detail**
- Host Detail
- Hostgroup Overview
- Hostgroup Summary
- Hostgroup Grid
- Servicegroup Overview
- Servicegroup Summary
- Servicegroup Grid
- Status Map
- 3-D Status Map
- Service Problems
  - Unhandled
- Host Problems
  - Unhandled
- Network Outages

Show Host:

- Comments
- Downtime
- Process Info
- Performance Info
- Scheduling Queue

**Reporting**

- Trends
- Availability
- Alert Histogram
- Alert History
- Alert Summary
- Notifications
- Event Log

**Configuration**

- View Config

**Current Network Status**  
 Last Updated: Thu Sep 3 14:46:07 CDT 2009  
 Updated every 90 seconds  
 Nagios® 3.0.2 - [www.nagios.org](http://www.nagios.org)  
 Logged in as *guest*

[View History For all hosts](#)  
[View Notifications For All Hosts](#)  
[View Host Status Detail For All Hosts](#)

**Host Status Totals**

Up	Down	Unreachable	Pending
41	0	0	0

All Problems	All Types
0	41

**Service Status Totals**

Ok	Warning	Unknown	Critical	Pending
46	0	0	0	0

All Problems	All Types
0	46

**Service Status Details For All Hosts**

Host ↑	Service ↑	Status ↑	Last Check ↑	Duration ↑	Attempt ↑	Status Information
<a href="#">DNS-ROOT</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:43:51	43d 0h 55m 19s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">ISP-DNS</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:41:21	16d 3h 57m 24s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">ISP-RTR</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:43:57	43d 5h 35m 13s	1/4	SSH OK - Cisco-1.25 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NOC-TLD1</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:41:27	1d 0h 1m 59s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NOC-TLD2</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:44:04	1d 22h 44m 22s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NOC-TLD3</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:41:34	1d 22h 40m 58s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NOC-TLD4</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:44:10	1d 22h 44m 16s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NOC-TLD5</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:41:40	1d 22h 41m 46s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NOC-TLD6</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:44:17	1d 22h 44m 9s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NOC-TLD7</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:41:47	1d 22h 41m 39s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NOC-TLD8</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:44:23	1d 22h 44m 3s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NS1-TLD1</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:41:53	1d 0h 1m 33s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NS1-TLD2</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:44:30	1d 22h 43m 56s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NS1-TLD3</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:42:00	1d 22h 41m 26s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NS1-TLD4</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:44:36	1d 22h 43m 50s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NS1-TLD5</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:42:06	1d 22h 41m 20s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
<a href="#">NS1-TLD6</a>	SSH	OK	2009-09-03 14:44:42	1d 22h 43m 42s	1/4	SSH OK - OpenSSH_5.1p1 Debian-3ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)

# Features

Utilizes topology to determine dependencies.

- Differentiates between what is *down* vs. what is *unreachable*. Avoids running unnecessary checks and sending redundant alarms

Allows you to define how to send notifications based on combinations of:

- Contacts and lists of contacts
- Devices and groups of devices
- Services and groups of services
- Defined hours by persons or groups.
- The state of a service.

# Plugins

Plugins are used to verify services and devices:

- Nagios architecture is simple enough that writing new plugins is fairly easy in the language of your choice.
- There are **many, many** plugins available (thousands).
  - ✓ <http://exchange.nagios.org/>
  - ✓ <http://nagiosplugins.org/>



# Pre-installed plugins in Ubuntu

## /usr/lib/nagios/plugins

check_apt	check_file_age	check_jabber	check_nntp	check_procs	check_swap
check_bgstate	check_flexlm	check_ldap	check_nntpssl	check_radius	check_tcp
check_breeze	check_ftp	check_ldaps	check_nt	check_real	check_time
check_by_ssh	check_host	check_linux_raid	check_ntp	check_rpc	check_udp
check_clamd	check_hpjd	check_load	check_ntp_peer	check_rta_multi	check_ups
check_cluster	check_http	check_log	check_ntp_time	check_sensors	check_users
check_dhcp	check_icmp	check_mailq	check_nwstat	check_simap	check_wave
check_dig	check_ide_smart	check_mrtg	check_oracle	check_smtp	negate
check_disk	check_ifoperstatus	check_mrtgtraf	check_overcr	check_snmp	urlize
check_disk_smb	check_ifstatus	check_mysql	check_pgsql	check_spop	utils.pm
check_dns	check_imap	check_mysql_query	check_ping	check_ssh	utils.sh
check_dummy	check_ircd	check_nagios	check_pop	check_ssmtp	

## /etc/nagios-plugins/config

apt.cfg	dns.cfg	games.cfg	load.cfg	network.cfg	ping.cfg	snmp.cfg
breeze.cfg	dummy.cfg	hppjd.cfg	mail.cfg	news.cfg	procs.cfg	ssh.cfg
dhcp.cfg	flexlm.cfg	http.cfg	mailq.cfg	nt.cfg	radius.cfg	tcp_udp.cfg
disk.cfg	fping.cfg	ifstatus.cfg	mrtg.cfg	ntp.cfg	real.cfg	telnet.cfg
disk-smb.cfg	ftp.cfg	ldap.cfg	mysql.cfg	pgsql.cfg	rpc-nfs.cfg	users.cfg

# How checks work

- Periodically Nagios calls a plugin to test the state of each service. Possible responses are:
  - OK
  - WARNING
  - CRITICAL
  - UNKNOWN
- If a service is not OK it goes into a “soft” error state. After a number of retries (default 3) it goes into a “hard” error state. At that point an alert is sent.
- You can also trigger external event handlers based on these state transitions



# How checks work continued

## Parameters

- Normal checking interval
- Retry interval (i.e. when not OK)
- Maximum number of retries
- Time period for performing checks
- Time period for sending notifications

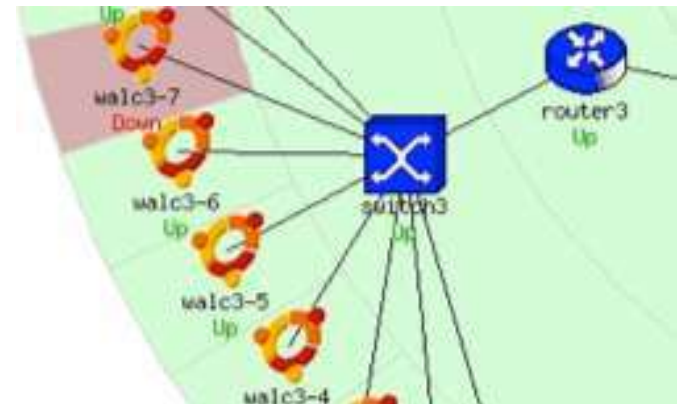
## Scheduling

- Nagios spreads its checks throughout the time period to even out the workload
- Web UI shows when next check is scheduled

# The concept of “parents”

## Hosts can have parents:

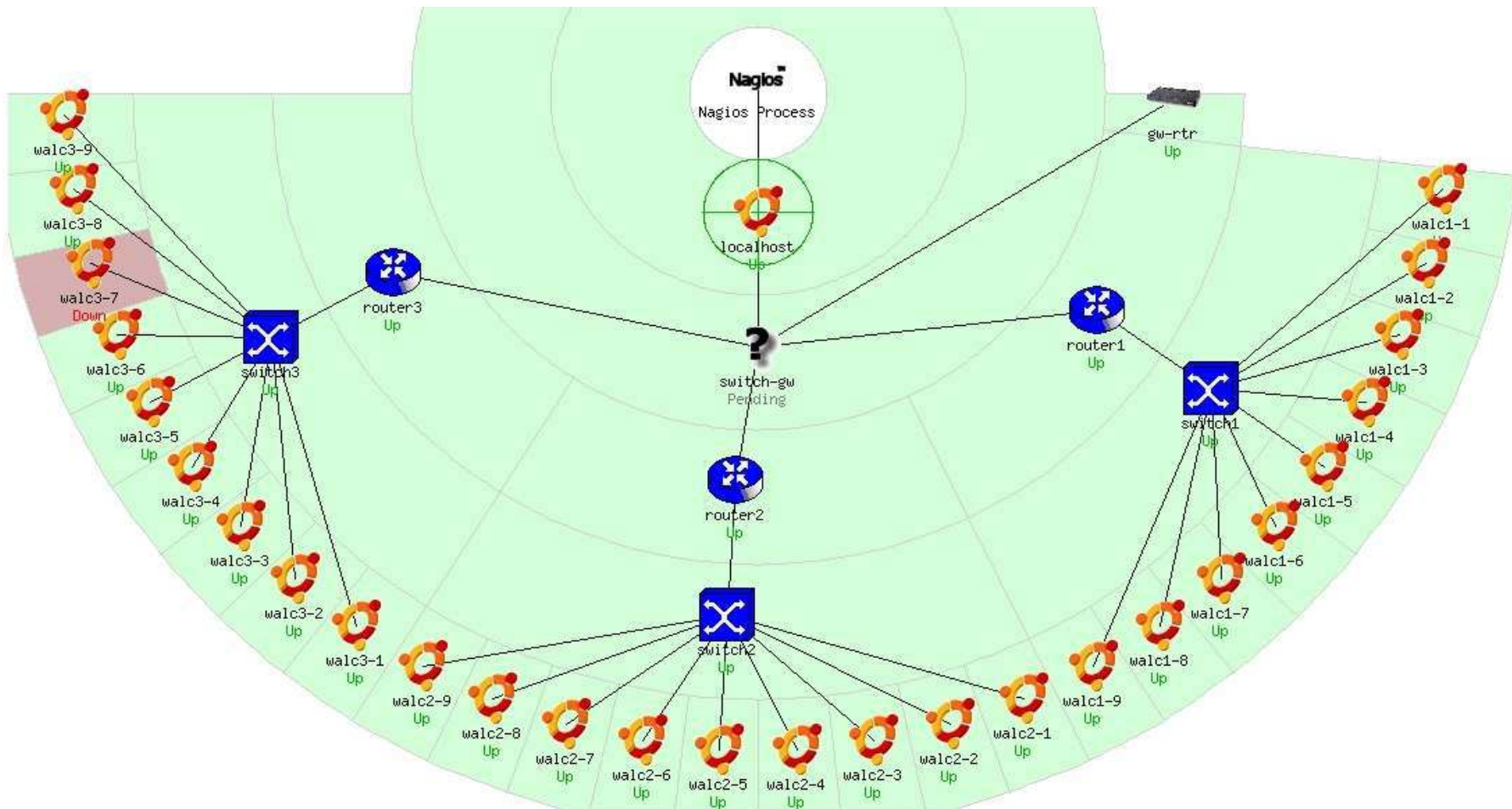
- The parent of a **PC** connected to a **switch** would be the **switch**.
- Allows us to specify the dependencies between devices.
- Avoids sending alarms when parent does not respond.
- A node can have multiple parents (dual homed).



# Network viewpoint

- Where you locate your Nagios server will determine your point of view of the network.
- The Nagios server becomes the “root” of your dependency tree

# Network viewpoint



# Demo Nagios

# Installation

## In Debian/Ubuntu

```
# apt-get install nagios3
```

## Key directories

```
/etc/nagios3
```

```
/etc/nagios3/conf.d
```

```
/etc/nagios-plugins/config
```

```
/usr/lib/nagios/plugins
```

```
/usr/share/nagios3/htdocs/images/logos
```

Nagios web interface is here:

<http://pcN.ws.nsrc.org/nagios3/>

# Configuration

- Configuration defined in text files
  - /etc/nagios3/conf.d/\*.cfg
  - Details at [http://nagios.sourceforge.net/docs/3\\_0/objectdefinitions.html](http://nagios.sourceforge.net/docs/3_0/objectdefinitions.html)
- The default config is broken into several files with different objects in different files, but actually you can organise it how you like
- Always verify before restarting Nagios – otherwise your monitoring system may die!
  - `nagios3 -v /etc/nagios3/nagios.cfg`

# Hosts and services configuration

## Based on templates

- This saves lots of time avoiding repetition

## There are default templates with default parameters for a:

- *generic host* (generic-host\_nagios2.cfg)
- *generic service* (generic-service\_nagios2.cfg)
- Individual settings can be overridden
- Defaults are all sensible



# Monitoring a single host

## pcs.cfg

```
define host {
    host_name pc1
    alias      pc1 in group 1
    address    pc1.ws.nsrc.org
    use        generic-host
}
```

← copy settings from this template

- This is a minimal working config
  - You are just pinging the host; Nagios will warn that you are not monitoring any services
- The filename can be anything ending **.cfg**
- Organise your devices however you like – e.g. related hosts in the same file

# Generic host template

## generic-host nagios2.cfg

```
define host {
    name                generic-host      ; The name of this host template
    notifications_enabled 1 ; Host notifications are enabled
    event_handler_enabled 1 ; Host event handler is enabled
    flap_detection_enabled 1 ; Flap detection is enabled
    failure_prediction_enabled 1 ; Failure prediction is enabled
    process_perf_data     1 ; Process performance data
    retain_status_information 1 ; Retain status information across program restarts
    retain_nonstatus_information 1 ; Retain non-status information across restarts
    check_command         check-host-alive
    max_check_attempts    10
    notification_interval 0
    notification_period   24x7
    notification_options  d,u,r
    contact_groups        admins
    register              0 ; DON'T REGISTER THIS DEFINITION -
                        ; IT'S NOT A REAL HOST, JUST A TEMPLATE!
}
```

# Overriding defaults

All settings can be overridden per host

## pcs.cfg

```
define host {  
    host_name          pc1  
    alias              pc1 in group 1  
    address            pc1.ws.nsrc.org  
    use                generic-host  
    notification_interval 120  
    contact_groups      admins,managers  
}
```

# Defining services (direct way)

## pcs.cfg

```
define host {
    host_name      pc1
    alias          pc1 in group 1
    address        pc1.ws.nsrc.org
    use            generic-host
}

define service {
    host_name          pc1
    service_description HTTP
    check_command      check_http
    use                generic-service
}

define service {
    host_name          pc1
    service_description SSH
    check_command      check_ssh
    use                generic-service
}
```

service "pc1,HTTP"

plugin

service template

# Service checks

- The combination of host + service is a unique identifier for the service check, e.g.
  - “pc1,HTTP”
  - “pc1,SSH”
  - “pc2,HTTP”
  - “pc2,SSH”
- *check\_command* points to the plugin
- *service template* pulls in settings for how often the check is done, and who and when to alert

# Generic service template

## generic-service\_nagios2.cfg\*

```
define service{
    name                                generic-service
    active_checks_enabled                1
    passive_checks_enabled                1
    parallelize_check                     1
    obsess_over_service                  1
    check_freshness                       0
    notifications_enabled                 1
    event_handler_enabled                 1
    flap_detection_enabled                 1
    failure_prediction_enabled             1
    process_perf_data                     1
    retain_status_information              1
    retain_nonstatus_information           1
    notification_interval                 0
    is_volatile                           0
    check_period                           24x7
    normal_check_interval                  5
    retry_check_interval                   1
    max_check_attempts                     4
    notification_period                    24x7
    notification_options                   w,u,c,r
    contact_groups                         admins
    register                               0 ; DONT REGISTER THIS DEFINITION
}
```

\*Comments have been removed.

# Overriding defaults

Again, settings can be overridden per service

## services nagios2.cfg

```
define service {
    host_name                pc1
    service_description      HTTP
    check_command            check_http
    use                      generic-service
    contact_groups         admins,managers
    max_check_attempts    3
}
```

# Repeated service checks

- Often we are monitoring an identical service on many hosts
- To avoid duplication, a better way is to define a service check for all hosts in a *hostgroup*



# Creating hostgroups

## hostgroups\_nagios2.cfg

```
define hostgroup {
    hostgroup_name    http-servers
    alias             HTTP servers
    members          pc1,pc2
}

define hostgroup {
    hostgroup_name    ssh-servers
    alias             SSH servers
    members          pc1,pc2
}
```

# Monitoring services in hostgroups

## services\_nagios2.cfg

```
define service {
    hostgroup_name      http-servers
    service_description  HTTP
    check_command        check_http
    use                  generic-service
}

define service {
    hostgroup_name      ssh-servers
    service_description  SSH
    check_command        check_ssh
    use                  generic-service
}
```

e.g. if hostgroup “http-servers” contains pc1 and pc2 then Nagios creates HTTP service checks for both hosts. The service checks are called “pc1,HTTP” and “pc2,HTTP”

# Alternative view

- Instead of saying “this hostgroup contains these PCs” you can say “this PC belongs to these hostgroups”
- No need for the “members” line in hostgroups file

# Alternative group membership

## pcs.cfg

```
define host {
    host_name      pc1
    alias          pc1 in group 1
    address        pc1.ws.nsrc.org
    use            generic-host
    hostgroups   ssh-servers,http-servers
}

define host {
    host_name      pc2
    alias          pc2 in group 1
    address        pc2.ws.nsrc.org
    use            generic-host
    hostgroups   ssh-servers,http-servers
}
```

Hosts and services conveniently defined in the same place

# Other uses for hostgroups

## Choosing icons for the status map

### pcs.cfg

```
define host {
    host_name      pc1
    alias          pc1 in group 1
    address        pc1.ws.nsrc.org
    use            generic-host
    hostgroups     ssh-servers,http-servers,debian-servers
}
```

### extinfo nagios2.cfg

```
define hostextinfo {
    hostgroup_name    debian-servers
    notes              Debian GNU/Linux servers
    icon_image         base/debian.png
    statusmap_image    base/debian.gd2
}
```

# Optional: servicegroups


- You can also group together services into a “servicegroup”
- This is so related or dependent services can be viewed together in the web interface
- The services themselves must already exist

## servicegroups.cfg

```
define servicegroup {
    servicegroup_name    mail-services
    alias                Services comprising the mail platform
    members              web1,HTTP,web2,HTTP,mail1,IMAP,db1,MYSQL
}
```

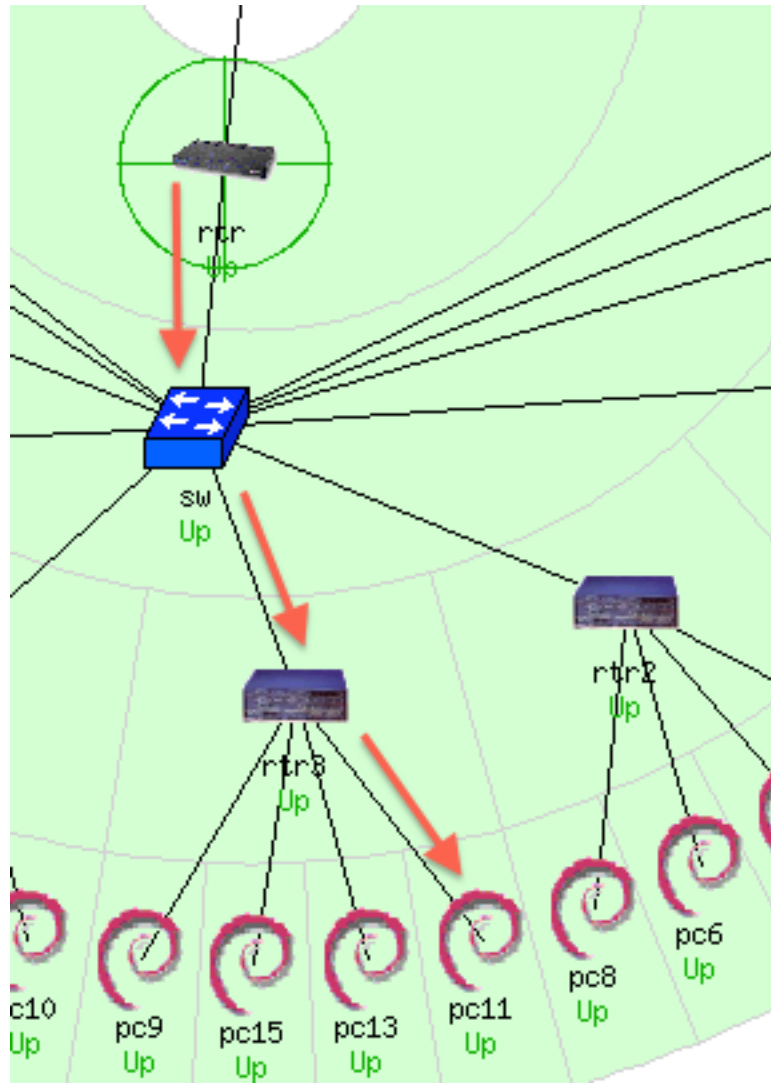
# Configuring topology

## pcs.cfg

```
define host {  
    host_name      pc1  
    alias          pc1 in group 1  
    address        pc1.ws.nsrc.org  
    use            generic-host  
    parents       rtr1 ←   
}
```

- This means “pc1 is on the far side of rtr1”
- If rtr1 goes down, pc1 is marked “unreachable” rather than “down”
- Prevents a cascade of alerts if rtr1 goes down
- Also allows Nagios to draw cool status map

# Another view of configuration



## RTR

```
define host {  
    use generic-host  
    host_name rtr  
    alias Gateway Router  
    address 10.10.0.254 }  
}
```

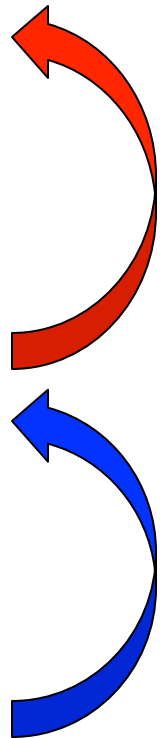
## SW

```
define host {  
    use generic-host  
    host_name sw  
    alias Backbone Switch  
    address 10.10.0.253  
    parents rtr }  
}
```

## RTR3

```
define host {  
    use generic-host  
    host_name rtr3  
    alias router 3  
    address 10.10.3.254  
    parents sw }  
}
```

## PC11...





# Out-of-Band (OOB) notifications

A critical item to remember: an SMS or message system that is independent from your network.

- You can utilize a cell phone connected to the Nagios server, or a USB dongle with SIM card
- You can use packages like:

**gammu:** <http://wammu.eu/>

**gnokii:** <http://www.gnokii.org/>

**sms-tools:** <http://smstools3.kekekasvi.com/>

# References

- **Nagios web site**  
<http://www.nagios.org/>
- **Nagios plugins site**  
<http://www.nagiosplugins.org/>
- *Nagios System and Network Monitoring*, by Wolfgang Barth. Good book about Nagios.
- **Unofficial Nagios plugin site**  
<http://nagios.exchange.org/>
- **A Debian tutorial on Nagios**  
<http://www.debianhelp.co.uk/nagios.htm>
- **Commercial Nagios support**  
<http://www.nagios.com/>

# Questions?

?

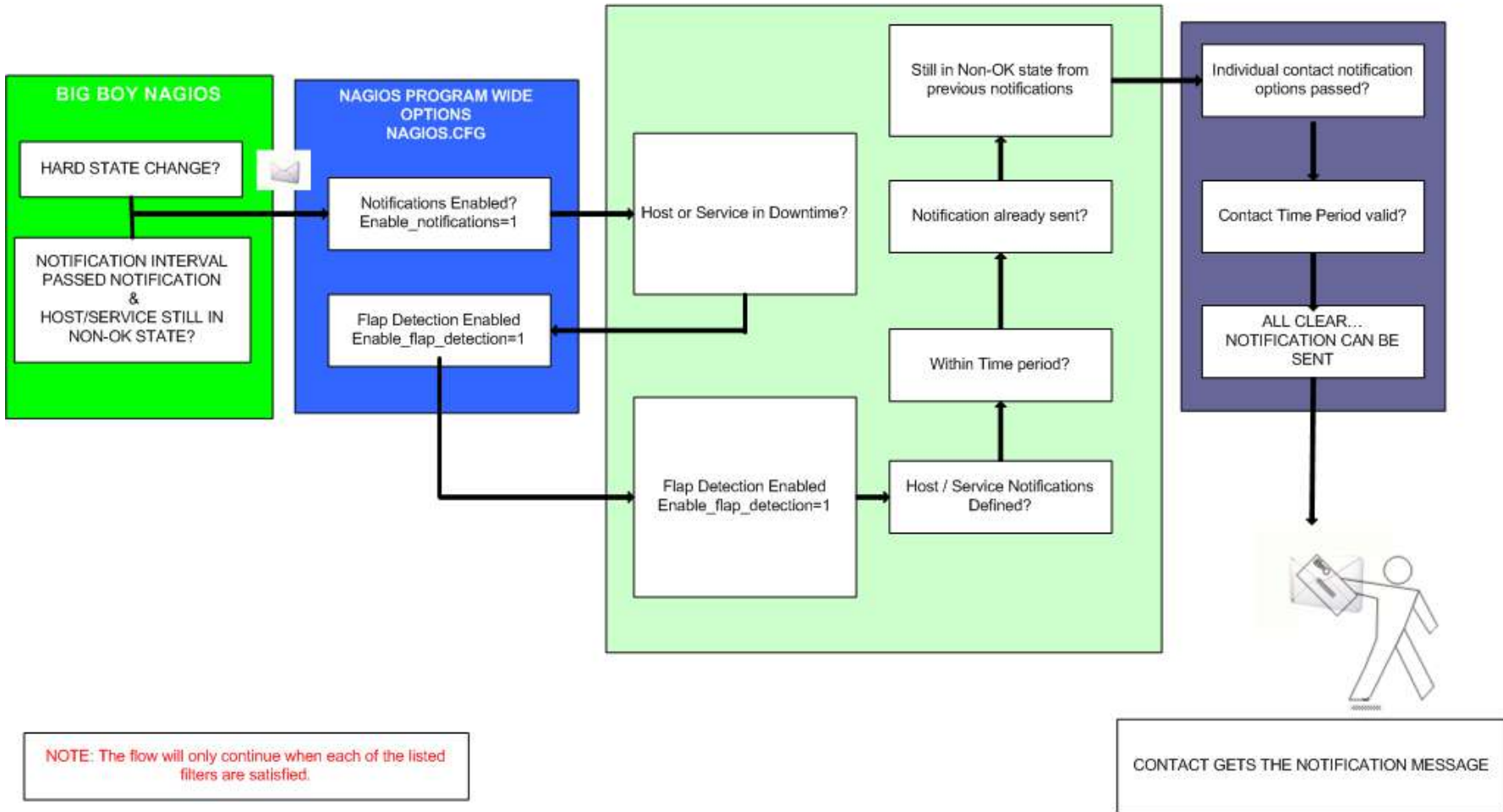
# Additional Details

A few additional slides you may find useful or informative...

# Features, features, features...

- Allows you to acknowledge an event.
  - A user can add comments via the GUI
- You can define maintenance periods
  - By device or a group of devices
- Maintains availability statistics and generates reports
- Can detect flapping and suppress additional notifications.
- Allows for multiple notification methods:
  - e-mail, pager, SMS, winpopup, audio, etc...
- Allows you to define notification levels for escalation

# NAGIOS - NOTIFICATION FLOW DIAGRAM



# Notification Options (Host)

## Host state:

When configuring a host you can be notified on the following conditions:

- **d**: DOWN
- **u**: UNREACHABLE
- **r**: RECOVERY
- **f**: FLAPPING (start/end)
- **s**: SCHEDULED DOWNTIME (start/end)
- **n**: NONE

# Notification Options (Service)

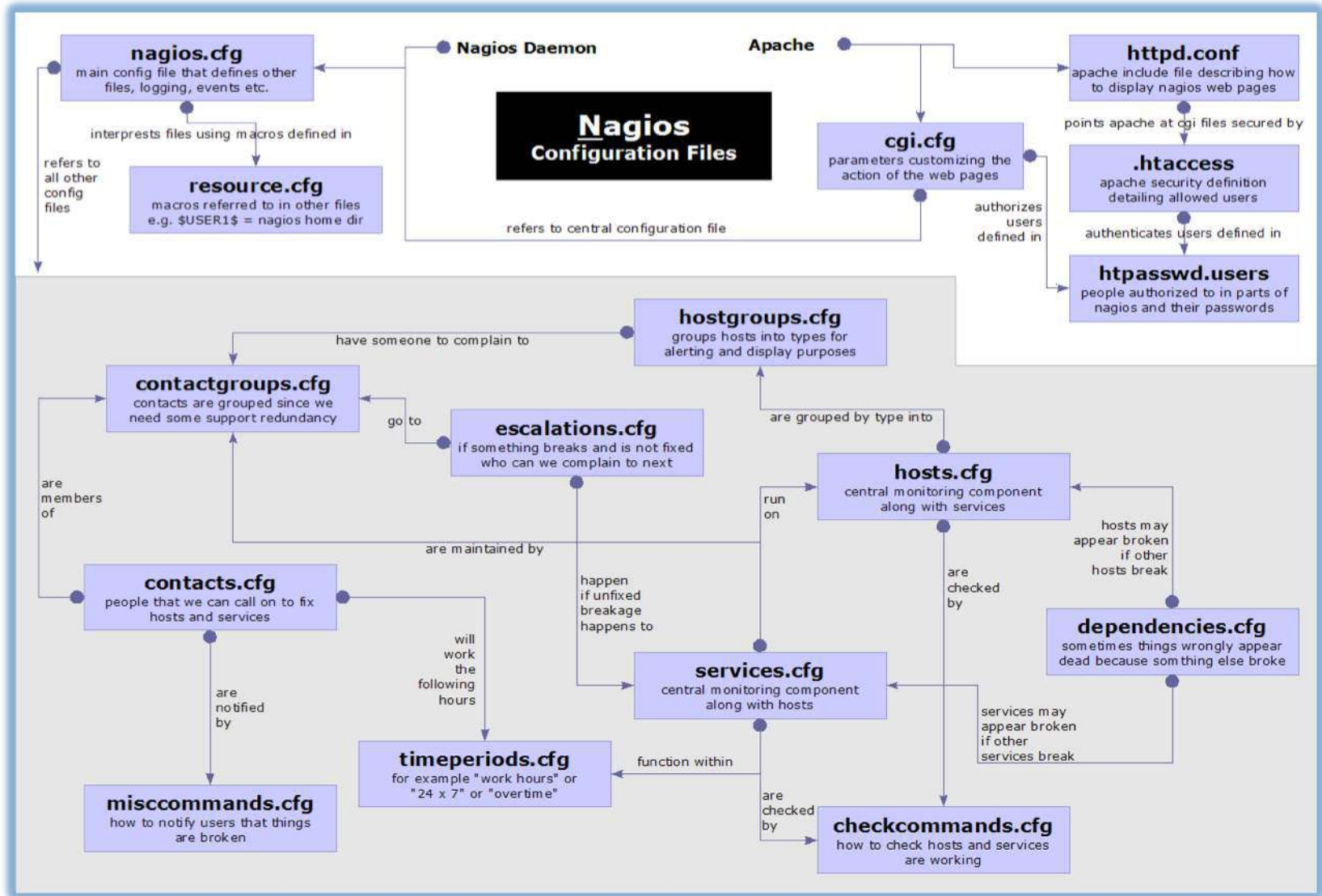
## Service state:

When configuring a service you can be notified on the following conditions:

- **w**: WARNING
- **c**: CRITICAL
- **u**: UNKNOWN
- **r**: RECOVERY
- **f**: FLAPPING (start/end)
- **s**: SCHEDULED DOWNTIME (start/end)
- **n**: NONE



# Configuration files (Official)



# Debian/Ubuntu config file layout

Located in `/etc/nagios3/`

Important files include:

- `nagios.cfg` Main configuration file.
- `cgi.cfg` Controls the web interface and security options.
- `commands.cfg` The commands that Nagios uses for notifications.
- `conf.d/*` All other configuration goes here!

# Configuration files continued

## Under conf.d/\*

- `contacts_nagios2.cfg` users and groups
- `extinfo_nagios2.cfg` make your UI pretty
- `generic-host_nagios2.cfg` default host template
- `generic-service_nagios2.cfg` default service template
- `host-gateway_nagios3.cfg` upstream router definition
- `hostgroups_nagios2.cfg` groups of nodes
- `localhost_nagios2.cfg` definition of nagios host
- `services_nagios2.cfg` what services to check
- `timeperiods_nagios2.cfg` when to check who to notify

# Configuration files continued

## Under conf.d some other possible config files:

- `servicegroups.cfg`      Groups of nodes and services
- `pcs.cfg`      Sample definition of PCs (hosts)
- `switches.cfg`      Definitions of switches (hosts)
- `routers.cfg`      Definitions of routers (hosts)

# Main configuration details

## Global settings

**File:** `/etc/nagios3/nagios.cfg`

- Says where other configuration files are.
- General Nagios behavior:
  - For large installations you should tune the installation via this file.
  - See: *Tunning Nagios for Maximum Performance*  
[http://nagios.sourceforge.net/docs/3\\_0/tuning.html](http://nagios.sourceforge.net/docs/3_0/tuning.html)

# CGI configuration

## `/etc/nagios3/cgi.cfg`

- You can change the CGI directory if you wish
- Authentication and authorization for Nagios use:
  - Activate authentication via Apache's `.htpasswd` mechanism, or using RADIUS or LDAP.
  - Users can be assigned rights via the following variables:
    - `authorized_for_system_information`
    - `authorized_for_configuration_information`
    - `authorized_for_system_commands`
    - `authorized_for_all_services`
    - `authorized_for_all_hosts`
    - `authorized_for_all_service_commands`
    - `authorized_for_all_host_commands`

# Time Periods

This defines the base periods that control checks, notifications, etc.

- Defaults: 24 x 7
- Could adjust as needed, such as work-week only.
- Could adjust a new time period for “outside of regular hours”, etc.

```
# '24x7'  
define timeperiod{  
    timeperiod_name 24x7  
    alias            24 Hours A Day, 7 Days A Week  
    sunday           00:00-24:00  
    monday           00:00-24:00  
    tuesday          00:00-24:00  
    wednesday        00:00-24:00  
    thursday         00:00-24:00  
    friday           00:00-24:00  
    saturday         00:00-24:00  
}
```

# Configuring service/host checks

## /etc/nagios-plugins/config/ssh.cfg

```
define command {
    command_name    check_ssh
    command_line    /usr/lib/nagios/plugins/check_ssh '$HOSTADDRESS$'
}

define command {
    command_name    check_ssh_port
    command_line    /usr/lib/nagios/plugins/check_ssh -p '$ARG1$' '$HOSTADDRESS$'
}
```

- Notice the same plugin can be invoked in different ways (“commands”)
- Command and arguments are separated by exclamation marks (!)
- e.g. to check SSH on a non-standard port, you can do it like this:

```
define service {
    hostgroup_name    ssh-servers-2222
    service_description    SSH-2222
    check_command      check_ssh_port!2222
    use                generic-service
}
```

this is \$ARG1\$



# Notification commands

Allows you to utilize any command you wish.  
We could use this to generate tickets in RT.

```
# 'notify-by-email' command definition
define command{
    command_name      notify-by-email
    command_line      /usr/bin/printf "%b" "Service: $SERVICEDESC$\nHost:
$HOSTNAME$\nIn: $HOSTALIAS$\nAddress: $HOSTADDRESS$\nState: $SERVICESTATE$
\nInfo: $SERVICEOUTPUT$\nDate: $SHORTDATETIME$" | /bin/mail -s
'$NOTIFICATIONTYPE$: $HOSTNAME$/$SERVICEDESC$ is $SERVICESTATE$'
$CONTACTEMAIL$
}
```

```
From: nagios@nms.localdomain
To: router_group@localdomain
Subject: Host DOWN alert for TLD1-RTR!
Date: Thu, 29 Jun 2006 15:13:30 -0700
```

```
Host: gw
In: Core_Routers
State: DOWN
Address: 192.0.2.100
Date/Time: 06-29-2006 15:13:30
Info: CRITICAL - Plugin timed out after 6 seconds
```



# Screen Shots

A few sample screen shots from a Nagios install.

# General View

## Nagios®

General

- [Home](#)
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### Tactical Monitoring Overview

Last Updated: Thu Sep 3 15:37:09 CDT 2009  
Updated every 90 seconds  
Nagios® 3.0.2 - [www.nagios.org](http://www.nagios.org)  
Logged in as guest

### Monitoring Performance

Service Check Execution Time: 0.01 / 4.07 / 0.115 sec  
Service Check Latency: 0.02 / 0.25 / 0.117 sec  
Host Check Execution Time: 0.01 / 0.13 / 0.018 sec  
Host Check Latency: 0.01 / 0.28 / 0.137 sec  
# Active Host / Service Checks: 41 / 46  
# Passive Host / Service Checks: 0 / 0

### Network Outages

0 Outages

### Network Health

Host Health:   
Service Health:

### Hosts

0 Down	0 Unreachable	41 Up	0 Pending
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### Services

0 Critical	0 Warning	0 Unknown	46 Ok	0 Pending
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### Monitoring Features

Flap Detection	Notifications	Event Handlers	Active Checks	Passive Checks
<span style="background-color: green; color: white; padding: 2px;">Enabled</span> All Services Enabled No Services Flapping All Hosts Enabled No Hosts Flapping	<span style="background-color: green; color: white; padding: 2px;">Enabled</span> All Services Enabled All Hosts Enabled	<span style="background-color: green; color: white; padding: 2px;">Enabled</span> All Services Enabled All Hosts Enabled	<span style="background-color: green; color: white; padding: 2px;">Enabled</span> All Services Enabled All Hosts Enabled	<span style="background-color: green; color: white; padding: 2px;">Enabled</span> All Services Enabled All Hosts Enabled

# Host Detail

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**Current Network Status**  
 Last Updated: Thu Sep 3 14:55:18 CDT 2009  
 Updated every 90 seconds  
 Nagios® 3.0.2 - [www.nagios.org](http://www.nagios.org)  
 Logged in as *guest*

- [View Service Status Detail For All Host Groups](#)
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**Host Status Totals**

Up	Down	Unreachable	Pending
41	0	0	0
All Problems		All Types	
0		41	

**Service Status Totals**

Ok	Warning	Unknown	Critical	Pending
46	0	0	0	0
All Problems		All Types		
0		46		

**Host Status Details For All Host Groups**

Host ↑ ↓	Status ↑ ↓	Last Check ↑ ↓	Duration ↑ ↓	Status Information
<a href="#">DNS-ROOT</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:51:41	43d 1h 7m 0s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 0.33 ms
<a href="#">ISP-DNS</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:51:41	16d 4h 11m 25s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 0.29 ms
<a href="#">ISP-RTR</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:51:51	43d 5h 47m 40s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 1.24 ms
<a href="#">NOC-TLD1</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:52:01	1d 0h 10m 56s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 4.02 ms
<a href="#">NOC-TLD2</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:52:01	1d 22h 53m 46s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 2.23 ms
<a href="#">NOC-TLD3</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:52:11	1d 22h 53m 36s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 2.62 ms
<a href="#">NOC-TLD4</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:52:21	1d 22h 53m 36s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 1.09 ms
<a href="#">NOC-TLD5</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:52:31	1d 22h 54m 6s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 5.20 ms
<a href="#">NOC-TLD6</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:52:31	1d 22h 53m 56s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 10.49 ms
<a href="#">NOC-TLD7</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:52:41	1d 22h 53m 56s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 1.05 ms
<a href="#">NOC-TLD8</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:52:51	1d 22h 53m 56s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 1.00 ms
<a href="#">NS1-TLD1</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:53:01	1d 0h 10m 26s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 10.19 ms
<a href="#">NS1-TLD2</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:53:01	1d 22h 53m 56s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 5.06 ms
<a href="#">NS1-TLD3</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:53:11	1d 22h 53m 36s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 1.03 ms
<a href="#">NS1-TLD4</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:53:21	1d 22h 53m 36s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 1.15 ms
<a href="#">NS1-TLD5</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:53:21	1d 22h 54m 6s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 1.12 ms
<a href="#">NS1-TLD6</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:53:31	1d 22h 53m 36s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 1.06 ms
<a href="#">NS1-TLD7</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:53:41	1d 22h 53m 46s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 1.11 ms
<a href="#">NS1-TLD8</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:53:51	1d 22h 53m 36s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 1.18 ms
<a href="#">TLD1-RTR</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:53:51	1d 22h 54m 6s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 2.22 ms
<a href="#">TLD2-RTR</a>	UP	2009-09-03 14:54:01	1d 22h 53m 46s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 2.38 ms





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Last Updated: Thu Sep 3 14:55:28 CDT 2009  
 Updated every 90 seconds  
 Nagios® 3.0.2 - [www.nagios.org](http://www.nagios.org)  
 Logged in as guest

- [View Service Status Detail For All Host Groups](#)
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### Host Status Totals

Up	Down	Unreachable	Pending
41	0	0	0

All Problems	All Types
0	41

### Service Status Totals

Ok	Warning	Unknown	Critical	Pending
46	0	0	0	0

All Problems	All Types
0	46

## Service Overview For All Host Groups

### TRTI TLD1 Servers, Virtual Machines, Routers (TLD1)

Host	Status	Services	Actions
<a href="#">NOC-TLD1</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD1</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TLD1-RTR</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TRTI-TLD1</a>	UP	1 OK	

### TRTI TLD2 Servers, Virtual Machines, Routers (TLD2)

Host	Status	Services	Actions
<a href="#">NOC-TLD2</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD2</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TLD2-RTR</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TRTI-TLD2</a>	UP	1 OK	

### TRTI TLD3 Servers, Virtual Machines, Routers (TLD3)

Host	Status	Services	Actions
<a href="#">NOC-TLD3</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD3</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TLD3-RTR</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TRTI-TLD3</a>	UP	1 OK	

### TRTI TLD4 Servers, Virtual Machines, Routers (TLD4)

Host	Status	Services	Actions
<a href="#">NOC-TLD4</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD4</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TLD4-RTR</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TRTI-TLD4</a>	UP	1 OK	

### TRTI TLD5 Servers, Virtual Machines, Routers (TLD5)

Host	Status	Services	Actions
<a href="#">NOC-TLD5</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD5</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TLD5-RTR</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TRTI-TLD5</a>	UP	1 OK	

### TRTI TLD6 Servers, Virtual Machines, Routers (TLD6)

Host	Status	Services	Actions
<a href="#">NOC-TLD6</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD6</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TLD6-RTR</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">TRTI-TLD6</a>	UP	1 OK	

### TRTI TLD7 Servers, Virtual Machines, Routers (TLD7)

Host	Status	Services	Actions
<a href="#">NOC-TLD7</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD7</a>	UP	1 OK	

### TRTI TLD8 Servers, Virtual Machines, Routers (TLD8)

Host	Status	Services	Actions
<a href="#">NOC-TLD8</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD8</a>	UP	1 OK	

### TRTI Management Virtual Machines (VM-mgmt)

Host	Status	Services	Actions
<a href="#">DNS-ROOT</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">ISP-DNS</a>	UP	1 OK	

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 Last Updated: Fri Sep 4 13:29:20 CDT 2009  
 Updated every 90 seconds  
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 Logged in as *guest*

[View Service Status Detail For All Service Groups](#)  
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**Host Status Totals**

Up	Down	Unreachable	Pending
41	0	0	0
All Problems		All Types	
0		41	

**Service Status Totals**

Ok	Warning	Unknown	Critical	Pending
53	0	0	1	0
All Problems		All Types		
1		54		

**Service Overview For All Service Groups**

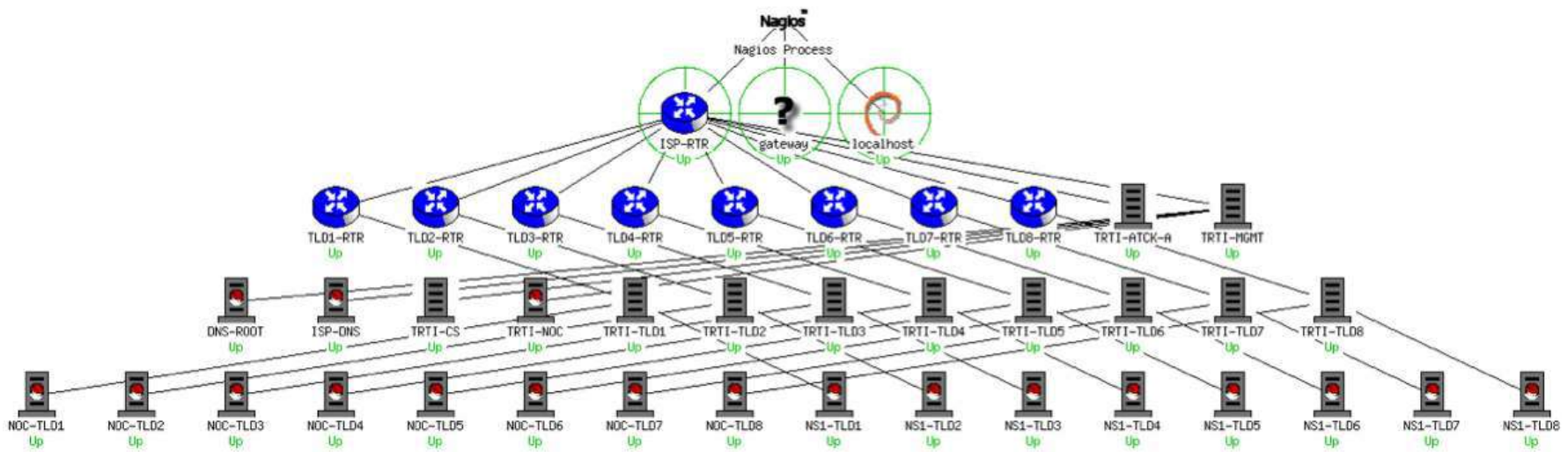
TLD Servers running Nagios (NAGIOS)

Host	Status	Services	Actions
<a href="#">NS1-TLD1</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD2</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD3</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD4</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD5</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD6</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD7</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD8</a>	UP	1 OK	

TLD Servers running SSH (SSH)

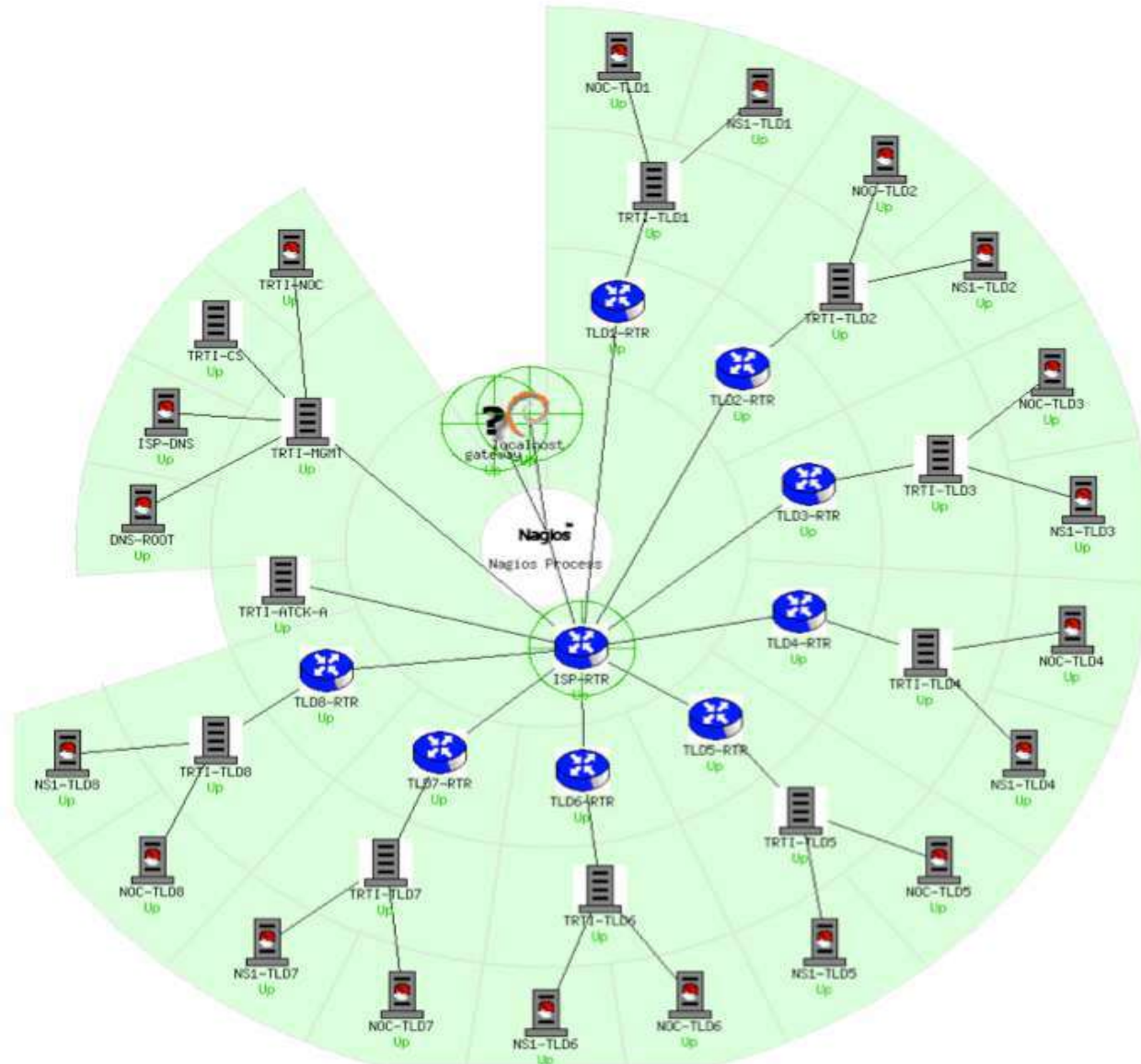
Host	Status	Services	Actions
<a href="#">NS1-TLD1</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD2</a>	UP	1 CRITICAL	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD3</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD4</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD5</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD6</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD7</a>	UP	1 OK	
<a href="#">NS1-TLD8</a>	UP	1 OK	

# Collapsed tree status map





# Marked-up circular status map



# More sample screenshots

The screenshot shows the Nagios website's 'Screenshots' page. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for 'Network', 'Enterprise', 'Support', 'Library', 'Project', 'Exchange', and 'Community'. Below this is the Nagios logo and a secondary navigation bar with links for 'Home', 'News', 'Products', 'Documentation', 'Support', 'Development', 'About', and 'Download'. The main content area is titled 'Nagios Screenshots' and includes a breadcrumb trail 'Home | About | Screenshots' and a 'Print | E-mail' link. The page displays a grid of 16 thumbnail screenshots, each with a caption below it:

- Main Splash Screen
- Tactical Overview
- Service Detail
- Host Detail
- Hostgroup Overview
- Hostgroup Summary
- Hostgroup Grid
- Service Problems
- Circular Status Map
- Balloon Status Map
- Tree Status Map
- Comments

Many more sample Nagios screenshots available here:

<http://www.nagios.org/about/screenshots>